

## The Scottish Rock Garden Club **Stirling Show in KINCARDINE 2014**



For many people, Kincardine is the place where you cross the River Forth if the Forth Road Bridge is closed by high winds. Before then it was the point furthest down-river where the Forth could be crossed if storms prevented the ferries running between North and South Queensferry. When it was built the Kincardine Bridge must have been one of the wonders of the age and capable of carrying more vehicles than its designers ever thought possible. Now a new bridge runs parallel to the old bridge at Kincardine. Its name, the Clackmannan Bridge, does not trip easily off the tongue. Clumsily named it may be but its northern end does in fact start in Clackmannan-shire. Kincardine then is not just a river crossing town but is a western gateway into the Kingdom of Fife. It is an ancient Scottish burgh. Its 'Burgh of barony' charter dates from 1663, soon after the restoration of the monarchy.



Charles II was King and Alexander Bruce was the second earl of Kincardine, having accompanied the King back to London from his exile in Germany. Alexander was an inventor. He helped develop the pendulum clock. He was born into a family of practical men. His grandfather and father had developed salt production and coal mines in the area. His grandfather built Culross palace in 1597. Its not a big palace but it is still there. His coal mines reached under the river Forth. Alexander became one of the most powerful men in Scotland, holding high offices of Treasurer of Scotland and Lord of Session. He was one of the 12 men who founded the Royal Society of London. Intriguingly Alexander was the great grandfather and great great grandfather of James Boswell, the biographer who travelled with Dr Samuel Johnson.

leyfield House. 'So what?', you might ask? 200 years later Valleyfield House had one of Scotland's premier have introduced his plants?.

gardens with a 'very select collec-

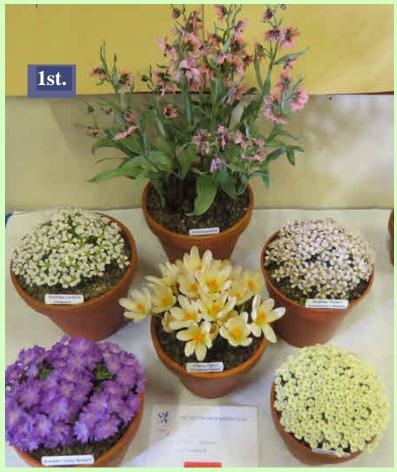
tion of plants'. Sir Robert Preston who had lived there had a splendid botanical library. Valleyfield's head gardener in 1818, a Mr Alexander Stewart, had heard about an accomplished young man from Scone, namely David Douglas, who had trained for seven years at Scone Palace, home of the Earls of Mansfield. Douglas was a diligent student with a fondness for botany and tales of foreign travel. Young David had read and leaned much at Scone. He also accompanied 'gentlemen botanists' on tours of the highland, collecting plants.



Douglas was invited to work in the kitchen garden at Valleyfield House. He soon forsook the kitchen garden plants for the exotic and spent much time in the library at Valleyfield. Mr Stewart found him "careful o the plants committed to his charge and desirous of improvement". Douglas stayed at Valleyfield. for two years and then succeeded in gaining admission to the Botanic Garden at Glasgow. Mr Stewart Murray then curator of Glasgow Botanic Garden recommended Douglas as a botanical collector to Joseph Sabine Hon. Sec. of the Royal Society. This was the start of his great planthunting travels in North America.

The ninth Earl inherited the title Earl of Elgin and since 1747, the titles are united, so the same family still live in the area. James Bruce of Larbert was descended from Earl Alexander as was the Earl of Elgin who rescued and gave his name to the Elgin Marbles.

Today this sleepy town is home to The Scottish Police College at Tulliallan Castle and just beside it sits Longannet Power station where work is being done on carbon capture. Kincardine is part of our past and future The second Earl's mother, Mary Preston, lived at Val- If not for Earl Alexander perhaps Douglas might never have been sent to America. Who then would

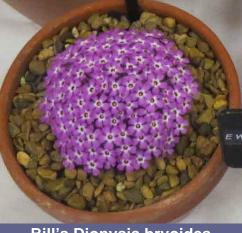




1st. Cyril Lafong 2nd. Bill Robinson and **3rd. Barry & Cathy Caudwell's** 6pan exhibits in Class A



Cyril's Crocus cvijicii 'Cream of Creams' was awarded the new Glassford Sprunt Trophy for Best pan of Bulbs in a pan not exceeding 19cm.



Bill's Dionysia bryoides





No matter how you look at it Cyril's Pulsatilla vernalis is a wonderful plant. This species is probably the most beautiful of all European Natives. It well deserved its Forrest Medal and Ben Ledi Trophy Barry and Cathy had a nice exhibit in the class for 6 pans of bulbs of different genera. I liked their Muscari chalusicum in particular. Tulpia sogdiana is a small slightly untidy tulip but its flowers are very delicate in form and marking. I think it is looking for a wee shrub to scurry through upwards for a bit of support. Below is Stan da Prato's entry. I like the pale cream Narcissus'Elka'. Stan's tulips are bigger than Cathy and Barry's!





Below is Tropaeolum brachycerus, grown from seed by Margaret and Henry Taylor. It is one of about 80 species native to south America. This one is from Chile. It is like an orange flowered T. tricolor. The plant needs to handled very carefully as its has very thin stems. Note its nice leaves each with 6 lobes.

Cyril's 3 pan entry in new, rare or difficult included a small pan of Trillium rivale 'Purple Heart' and 2 Saxifrages. A description of the Trillium can found under Hexham Forrest 2014 report.

Saxifraga x dinninaris [below] is a natural hybrid between S.dinnikii and S. columnaris. Both come from the Caucasus. It was sown in 2009 and first flowered in 2011.

Saxifraga columnaris, [left lower] one of the parents of the above. Cyril got seeds from Vojtech Holubec and sowed them in Jan 2006. It is slower growing than the hybrid. Both are about the same size now but the parent species is 3 years older.



Tom Green's Saxifraga 'Red Poll'





## Cyril's 3 pan entry in Class 1 comprised the Forrest Medal winning Pulsatilla vernalisa nd T. rivale 'Purple Heart' which was awarded a certificate of Merit.

The fabulous Dionysia aretioides must have felt left out!

Tom Green's Primrose, Primula vulgaris, has come out a 'funny shade of yellow' but I included the picture because the plant was too good to ignore.





Jim Watson from Stockfield won the 3 pan bulbs class with these good plants/. He did well to keep the Ipheion uniflorum upright. I find that it tends to flop over because the flowers seem to get too heavy for the stems. Frit. bucharica used to be seen more often. It is good to see it re-appearing. You can't help but admire the leaves on the Erythronium dens canis.



Iris graeberiana from John Lee



Crocus chrysanthus 'Ard Schenk'



Iris bucharica from Ron MacBeath



Narcissus bulbocodium obesus 'Marion Robinson' from David Millward"



Narcissus calcicola from Ian & Carole Bainbridge



Fritillaria pudica 'Richard Britton'





## There and back along a bench!





Sam Sutherland's Primula allionii 'Mary Berry' won the Spiller Trophy for Best Primula













Find out what they are looking at on the next page



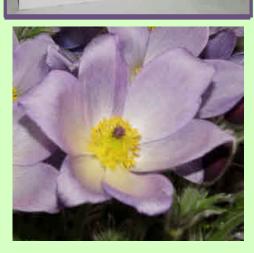
Jim Watson's Hepatica - fabulous!

## Sue Simpson's Pulsatilla vulgaris Budapest seedling

Well described in last year's Kincardine report but better than it was last year. It is rare for plant exhibited by a a novice exhibitor to be awarded a certificate of Merit. Sue has the 'knack' .her exhibits are beautifully presented as well as being well grown. Well done!









A rare picture of Stan da Prato. Stan is usually behind the camera so I was delighted that he agreed to have his picture taken. Stan's plants were the backbone of the show.



Stan da Prato had another good day. He had most points in Section I, winning the Carnegie Dunfermline Trust Trophy. His Andromeda polyfolia 'NIKKO' was Best Non European Plant in Section I, [Institute of Quarrying Quaich] and also won a Certificate of Merit





Below left is one of Stan's double primroses Centre is Margaret and Henry Taylor's nicely presented Primula marginata alba At bottom left Watt Russell's Primula whitei 'Arduaine Form' beside a pale lilac P. marginata







As Wallis said to his wee dog, 'Crackin' Saxifrages, Eh! Grommit!' Above S. Coolock Gem Top right S. Coolock Kate Middle S. Allandale Beau Lower S. Allandale Elf Below S. Czech hybrid













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CLASS 66

THE SCOTTISH ROCK

GRAGME SUTTLE RUMSLING SEDGE

FIRST PRIZE







Two forms of Thlaspi zaffranii

Thlaspi zaffranii





Above Nine super plants from Sue Simpson shown in Section II At right Sue's young Pulsatilla vernalis and below Cyril's Forrest medal winning P.vernalis



